COUNTY CLERK'S USE

#### **CITY OF LOS ANGELES**

CITY CLERK'S USE

DATE

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK 200 NORTH SPRING STREET, ROOM 360 LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90012

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		NOTICE	OF EX	EMPTION	l				
				ity Act Section 150					
Code Se	this form is optional. If filed, the ction 21152 (b). Pursuant to Public	Resources Code Section 2	1167 (d), the fil	ing of this notice sta	rts a 35-day statu	ite of limitatio	ons on court ch	Resources allenges to	
the approval of the project. Failure to file this notice with the County Clerk results in the statute of limitations being extended to 180 day LEAD CITY AGENCY							COUNCIL DISTRICT 6 & 7		
City o	f Los Angeles Department	t of Transportation							
PROJECT TITLE						COUNCIL FILE NO:			
Terra Bella Street Lane Reconfiguration PROJECT LOCATION						IN/A			
	T LOCATION ≘lla between San Fernando Rd a	and Wakefield Avenue							
DESCRI	PTION OF NATURE, PURPOSE, A	ND BENEFICIARIES OF PR	ROJECT:						
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NAME (	OF PERSON OR AGENCY CARRYI	NG OUT PROJECT, IF OTH	IER THAN LEAI	O CITY AGENCY: N	/A				
CONTACT PERSON AREA CO						TELEPHONE NUMBER EXT.			
Laurei	n Ballard			213	!	972-8664			
EXEM	PT STATUS: (Check One)								
	STATE CEQA GUIDELINES CI					CITY CEQ	ITY CEQA GUIDELINES		
	MINISTERIAL		Sec. 1	.5268			t. II, Sec. <b>2</b> b		
	DECLARED EMERGENCY		Sec. 15	269			Art. II, Sec. 2a (1)		
	EMERGENCY PROJECT		Sec. 15	269 (b) & (c)		Art. II, Sec. 2a (2) & (3)			
	GENERAL EXEMPTION		Sec. 15	060.	n/a				
$\boxtimes$	CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION	Sec. 1530	Sec. 15300 et seq. Art. III, So						
	Class <u>1 and 4</u> Category <u>1(3), 1(15), 1(20), 4(13)</u> (City CEQA Guidelines)								
	OTHER								
The project exempt negligible Guidelin paint an construct that pretthe crea	CATION FOR PROJECT EXEMPTION  ect is exempt under City CEQA Guid  if it involves the operation, repair, rele or no expansion of use beyond the  es Class 1(15) categorically exempt  d raised pavement markers. City CE  ction of improvements and adding a  viously existing, except where extention of bicycle lanes on existing right  e (Attachment A) for further discusses	delines and State CEQA Guid naintenance or minor altera nat previously existing; and c s the installation of traffic si, EQA Guidelines Class 1(20) co auxiliary lanes for localized p nsive tree removal will be in nts-of-way. None of the limit	tion of existing does not involve gns, signals, and ategorically executoses such a volved. Moreov	highways and street:  the removal of a second pavement marking: mpts the modernizates turning, involving ner, City CEQA Guideli	s, sidewalks, and I enic resource. Fur s, including traffic tion of an existing legligible or no ex ines Class 4(13) ca	gutters involv ther, City CEC channelization highway or s pansion of us ategorically e	ing QA on using treet by se beyond xempts		
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# Attachment A

Project: Terra Bella Street Lane Reconfiguration

#### I. Project Description

The proposed project consists of Class II bike lanes along approximately 2.5 miles of Terra Bella Street between Wakefield Avenue and San Fernando Road in the City of Los Angeles Council Districts 6 and 7. The project was originally identified as part of the City's 2010 Bicycle Plan and then subsequently incorporated in the City's Mobility Plan 2035.

This project involves the reallocation of roadway space within the project area, implemented through various adjustments specific to each segment. These adjustments may include the reduction of the number of through vehicle lanes, the removal of the two-way left turn lane or parking lane, and the addition of bike lanes as detailed in Attachment A: Project Narrative.

The project aims to mitigate transportation conflicts between bicyclists and vehicle movements by implementing the following roadway modifications across distinct segments of the project area:

# **Wakefield Avenue to Tupper Street**

- Existing Configuration: One vehicle lane in each direction (two lanes eastbound partially), center turn lane
- **Proposed Configuration:** One vehicle lane in each direction, bike lanes in each direction, and a center turn lane

### **Tupper Street to Arleta Avenue**

- Existing Configuration: Two vehicle lanes in each direction
- **Proposed Configuration:** One vehicle lane in each direction, bike lanes in each direction, and a center turn lane

### **Arleta Avenue to Laurel Canyon Boulevard**

- Existing Configuration: Two vehicle lanes in each direction, with a center turn lane after Cranford Street
- Proposed Configuration: Two westbound vehicle lanes, one eastbound vehicle lane, bike lanes in each direction, and a center turn lane

### Laurel Canyon Boulevard to San Fernando Road

- Existing Configuration: One vehicle lane in each direction, with a center turn lane
- Proposed Configuration: One vehicle lane in each direction, bike lanes in each direction

This project qualifies for the categorical exemptions as detailed below, and none of the exceptions that might preclude the use of categorical exemptions are applicable.

### **II. Project History**

The project consists of the implementation of new bike lanes along approximately 2.5 miles of Terra Bella Street, between Wakefield Avenue and San Fernando Road. The project was identified as a priority bicycle corridor in the 2010 Bicycle Plan adopted by Los Angeles City Council in March 2011. Subsequently, the 2010 Bicycle Plan was further refined into the City's Mobility Plan 2035, which serves as the City's Circulation Element of the General Plan, adopted by Los Angeles City Council September 2016. Mobility Plan 2035 prioritizes bicycle and pedestrian improvements throughout the City of Los Angeles with a series of network maps designating specific types of roadway improvements that are reflective of roadway conditions and community feedback. The project corridor is within the Tier 2 Bicycle Lane Network in the City's Mobility Plan 2035. Additionally, the project area contains intersections identified as part of the City's High Injury Network based on the frequency of fatal and severe collisions. Between 2017 and 2021, there were 21 collisions, resulting in 1 fatality and 7 severe injuries, all of which involved bicycles and pedestrians as the victims.

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transit Authority East San Fernando Valley Light Rail Transit Project proposes to remove existing City bike lanes on Van Nuys Blvd in order to accommodate new light rail facilities. As assessment of bicycle route replacement alternatives on parallel corridors were evaluated based on their proximity to the existing Van Nuys bicycle facility. Terra Bella was selected as the preferred alternative due to its continuous parallel route and suitable road width for Class II bike lanes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> City of Los Angeles Department of City Planning, "Mobility Plan 2035", September 7, 2016, https://planning.lacity.gov/odocument/523f2a95-9d72-41d7-aba5-1972f84c1d36/Mobility\_Plan\_2035.pdf.

#### III. Environmental Review

# A. Basis for Categorical Exemption

A project qualifies for a Class 1, Category 3 categorical exemption under City CEQA Guidelines and a Class 1(c) categorical exemption under State CEQA Guidelines (CCR Sec. 15301 (c)) if it consists of operation, repair, maintenance, or minor alteration of existing streets, sidewalks, and gutters involving negligible or no expansion of use beyond that previously existing; and does not involve the removal of a scenic resource. Further, a project qualifies for a Class 1, Category 15 categorical exemption if it consists of the installation of traffic signs, signals and pavement markings, including traffic channelization using paint and raised pavement markers. Moreover, a project qualifies for a Class 1, Category 20 categorical exemption if it consists of the modernization of an existing highway or street by construction of improvements and adding auxiliary lanes for localized purposes such as turning, involving negligible or no expansion of use beyond that previously existing, except where extensive tree removal will be involved. Finally, a project qualifies for a Class 4, Category 13 categorical exemption under City CEQA Guidelines and a Class 4(h) categorical exemption under State CEQA Guidelines (CCR Sec. 15304 (h)) if it consists of the creation of bicycle lanes on existing rights-of-way.

Consideration of Potential Exceptions to use of a Categorical Exemption The State CEQA Guidelines (CCR Sec 15300.2) limit the use of categorical exemptions in the circumstances that follow. The narrative below substantiates through facts why these exceptions do not apply.

**1. Location.** Exemption Classes 3, 4, 5, 6, and 11 are qualified by consideration of where the project is to be located—a project that is ordinarily insignificant in its impact on the environment may be significant in a particular sensitive environment. Therefore, these classes are considered to apply to all instances, except where the project may impact on an environmental resource of hazardous or critical concern where designated, precisely mapped, and officially adopted pursuant to law by federal, state, or local agencies. Those project features covered under the Class 1 categories are not subject to the location exception.

Those project features that include roadway striping to feature bicycle lanes are eligible for a Class 4 exemption and therefore are potentially subject to the location exception. However, Class 4 exemptions are qualified by the consideration of whether the project is located in a sensitive environment where it would impact an environmental resource of hazardous or critical concern. Specifically, if adding the bicycle lanes were to occur in a sensitive environment that would impact a resource of hazardous and critical concern, then the bicycle lanes would not be eligible to be exempt from CEQA.

Given that the bicycle lanes are striped on existing street right-of-way, this element of the project would not cause impact on an environmental resource by roadway widening. Additionally, as described in the "Traffic/Transportation" element of Subsection 3: Significant Impact below, the project's effects on traffic, transportation networks, and mobility also will not impact a resource of hazardous and critical concern in a sensitive environment.

**2. Cumulative Impact.** This exemption applies when, although a particular project may not have a significant impact, the cumulative impact of successive projects of the same type in the same place, over time is significant.

All projects designated within the Bike Lane Network have undergone environmental impact assessments as part of the comprehensive Mobility Plan 2035 Environmental Impact Report. The Mobility Plan 2035 Environmental Impact Report found no cumulative negative impact for bike projects which are on Bike Lane Network streets.

While other similar projects are taking place elsewhere in the City, they occur in different neighborhoods, locations, and times. Given the nature of the project, this project is not anticipated to result in a cumulative impact when included with successive projects in the same place and over time.

**3. Significant Effect.** This exception applies when, although the project may otherwise be exempt, there is a reasonable possibility that the project will have a significant effect due to unusual circumstances.

Aesthetics This exception applies when a project may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a visual resource. As stated in Section I: Project Description, the project only consists of reconfiguring lanes to add bicycle lanes; it would not impact any aesthetic resources. As such, this exception does not apply.

**Noise** The work shall be performed in accordance with Ordinance No. 144.331, "Noise Regulation" in Chapter XI of the Los Angeles Municipal Code of March 1982. The City will restrict demolition, construction, and striping on Terra Bella Street in locations near sensitive uses (such as residences) to daytime hours in accordance with the City's noise regulations. The installation process would not be expected to exceed ambient noise by more than 5 dBA for more than 10 continual days; thus, there will be no noise impact on the neighborhood immediately surrounding the project area. As such, this exception does not apply.

**Biological Resources** The proposed project does not involve the loss of, an alteration to, nor an impact to any biological resources. It does not include the removal of existing trees. As such, this exception does not apply.

Traffic/Transportation The proposed project reconfigures existing traffic striping resulting in the removal of the center turn lane from San Fernando Rd to Laurel Canyon Blvd; removal of one westbound travel lane from Laurel Canyon Blvd to Arleta Ave; installation of a two-way left turn lane from Laurel Canyon Blvd to Tupper Ave; removal of one travel lane in each direction from Arleta Ave to Tupper Ave; and removal of one eastbound travel lane from Tupper Ave to Wakefield Ave. These traffic lane modifications are proposed as a means to install Class II bike lanes on Terra Bella Street between San Fernando Rd and Wakefield Ave. Both removing the two-way left turn lane and/or parking lane to accommodate a lane reconfiguration on Terra Bella are both exempt from CEQA Guidelines. Such a change could increase travel delay in the peak periods along Terra Bella Street.

However, substantial travel delay no longer qualifies as an exception under the Section 15300.2 (c) of the CEQA Guidelines that could disqualify a lane striping project covered under a Class 1 or Class 4 exemption due to the adoption and rulemaking procedures of Senate Bill (SB) 743. Upon adopting SB 743 into law, the legislature and Governor directed the Office of Planning and Research (OPR) to replace delay and capacity-based metrics such as level of service (LOS) when lead agencies are evaluating transportation impacts under CEQA. The legislature further found that new transportation analysis under CEQA was needed to promote the state's goals of reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and traffic-related air pollution, promote the development of a multimodal transportation system (including bicycle lanes), and provide clean, efficient access to destinations. The California Natural Resources Agency certified and adopted the CEQA Guidelines in December of 2018, and are now in effect. <sup>2</sup>

In its document, 'Revised Proposal on Updates to the CEQA Guidelines on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA', the OPR recommended that a vehicle miles traveled (VMT) per capita metric replace delay-based metric throughout the State when identifying transportation impacts under CEQA.<sup>3</sup> OPR finds that a VMT per capita metric is in direct correlation with the state's goals of reducing GHG emissions and traffic-related air pollution, promoting the development of a multimodal transportation system, and providing clean, efficient access to destinations. OPR further finds that delay-based metric of LOS, in congruence with the legislative direction and intent, to be in conflict with achieving improved environmental outcomes, and is ill suited in defining environmental outcomes under CEQA, regardless of location.

In its 'Technical Advisory on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA', OPR has further indicated that both active transportation projects (which include bicycle lanes), and transportation projects that reduce number of lanes should generally not lead to substantial increase in VMT, and further not be considered to contribute to a significant impact under CEQA.<sup>4</sup> In the presumption of less than significant impacts for active transportation projects, OPR finds that streamlining active transportation projects align with three of the statutory goals of SB 743, which include reducing greenhouse gas emissions, increasing multimodal transportation networks, and facilitating mixed-use development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State of California, Natural Resources Agency, Final Adopted Text, December 2018. http://resources.ca.gov/ceqa/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Governor's Office of Planning and Research. January 2016. Revised Proposal on Updates to the CEQA Guidelines on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA. http://www.opr.ca.gov/docs/Revised\_VMT\_CEQA\_Guidelines\_Proposal\_January\_20\_2016.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Governor's Office of Planning and Research. December 2018. Technical Advisory on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA. http://www.opr.ca.gov/docs/20190122-743\_Technical\_Advisory.pdf

In summary, the actions of the California Legislature in adopting SB 743, as well as the record of evidence and preliminary guidance as provided by OPR, Caltrans, and the Natural Resource Agency support the conclusion that travel delay is not considered an exception of hazardous and critical concern that would disqualify the application of a Class 1 or Class 4 Exemption pursuant to Section 15300.2 (c) of the CEQA Guidelines.

With respect to construction-related transportation impacts, the restriping of the work of restriping Terra Bella Street shall be performed in accordance with work area traffic control handbook (WATCH). City construction crews will coordinate with schools and the Department of Transportation according to WATCH and provide flaggers when required. When the activity site encroaches upon a sidewalk, walkway or crosswalk area, pedestrians shall be provided advance warning if they are detoured away from the activity site. Advance notification of sidewalk closures shall be provided according to WATCH. At least one lane of traffic in each direction will be maintained at all times.

Water Supply The proposed project does not involve any unusual circumstances that would impact water supply. As such, this exception does not apply.

Standard conditions and construction practices are anticipated for this project. No unusual construction noise or traffic effects are anticipated. No reasonable possibility has been identified that the project will have a significant effect due to unusual circumstances. As such, this exception does not apply.

**4. Scenic Highways.** A categorical exemption shall not be used for a project which may result in damage to scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, historic buildings, rock outcroppings, or similar resources, within a highway officially designated as a state scenic highway.

There are no scenic features or a scenic highway at any of the project sites, on the project corridor, nor crossing the project corridor. The project does not include the removal of existing trees or median and would not impact any aesthetic, biological, or historic resources, and therefore this exception does not apply.

**5. Hazardous Waste Sites.** This exception applies when a project is located on a site listed as a hazardous waste site under Government Code Section 65962.5.

As of May 7, 2025, the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) data management system (http://www.envirostor.dtsc.ca.gov) does not reflect any evaluation sites along the street on which the project will take place. Therefore, this exception has no application here.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> California Department of Toxic Substance Control, EnviroStor Hazardous Waste and Substance Site List, last accessed May 6, 2025, http://www.envirostor.dtsc.ca.gov/public/.

**6. Historical Resources.** This exception applies when a project may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource. A search of the City's Declared Monuments showed no site in the immediate project area on the Historic-Cultural Monument (HCM) List. A search of the City's Historic Preservation Overlay Zone (HPOZ) Districts showed the project area is not located within an HPOZ. A search of the Los Angeles Historic Resources Inventory showed the project is not located within 8 feet of a designated resource. Additionally, a search of City databases did not reveal any case summaries that indicated there may be historic, tribal cultural, unique archaeological, or unique paleontological resources. Furthermore, there has been no mitigated negative declaration or environmental impact report prepared specifically for this project area.

The proposed project would occur on existing streets and sidewalks, with no more than two feet in depth of excavation. The depth of demolition and excavation is not anticipated to exceed the depth of previously disturbed soil. In case of any historical artifacts being encountered, City Engineer Standard Specifications, Section 6-3.2, (Greenbook, 2012) states: "If discovery is made of items of archaeological or paleontological interest, the Contractor shall immediately cease excavation in the area of discovery and shall not continue until ordered by the Engineer." Therefore, during activities in which there will be ground disturbances (i.e., digging, drilling, etc.) if any evidence of archaeological, cultural, or paleontological resources are found, all work within the vicinity of the find shall stop until a qualified archaeologist can assess the finds and make recommendations. No excavation of any finds should be attempted by project personnel unless directed by a qualified archaeologist. Construction activities may continue in other areas. If the discovery proves significant under CEQA (Section 15064.5f; Public Resources Code or PRC 21082), additional work such as testing or data recovery may be warranted.

The discovery of human remains is always a possibility during ground disturbances; State of California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the Los Angeles County Coroner has made a determination of origin and disposition pursuant to PRC Section 5097.98. The Los Angeles County Coroner must be notified of the find immediately. If the human remains are determined to be prehistoric, the Coroner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission, which will determine and notify a Most Likely Descendent (MLD). The MLD shall complete the inspection of the site within 48 hours of notification and may recommend scientific removal and nondestructive analysis of human remains and items associated with Native American burials.

In case of unforeseen discovery of cultural resources, measures are in place to manage unanticipated cultural resource finds or discovery of human remains. Therefore, no substantial adverse impact to cultural resources is anticipated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> City of Los Angeles Office of Historic Resources, "Historic-Cultural Monument (HCM) List," last updated April 3, 2018, http://preservation.lacity.org/commission/designated-historic-cultural-monuments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> City of Los Angeles Department of City Planning, "Local Historic Districts (HPOZs)", last accessed May 6, 2025, <a href="https://planning.lacity.gov/preservation-design/local-historic-districts">https://planning.lacity.gov/preservation-design/local-historic-districts</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> City of Los Angeles Department of City Planning, "Los Angeles Historic Resources Inventory", last accessed May 6, 2025, https://hpla.lacity.org/.